UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

CNC-II/093/1(28)/2023-24/281

Dated: 06.10.2023

NOTIFICATION

Sub: Amendment to Ordinance V

[E.C Resolution No. 14-1/-(14-1-6/-) dated 09.06.2023 and 27-1-1/ dated 25.08.2023]

Following addition be made to Appendix-II-A to the Ordinance V (2-A) of the Ordinances of the University;

Add the following:

Syllabi of Semester-IV, V and VI of the following departments under Faculty of Science based on Under Graduate Curriculum Framework -2022 implemented from the Academic Year 2022-23 :

- (i) Botany
- (ii) Geology
- (iii) Zoology
- (iv) Zoology Component for BSc. Life Science

Department of Zoology

SEMESTER-IV BSc (Hons.) Zoology

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE -10 – : Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates Zoo-DSC-10										
Course title & Code	Credits	Credit	t distributi course	on of the	Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite of				
			the course (if any)							
Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates Zoo-DSC-10	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	Basic knowledge of Vertebrates				

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to impart in-depth knowledge about the structural patterns and a comparative account of the different organ systems of vertebrates.
- to understand the account of the functional and comparative morphology provides a deepunderstanding of animal diversity and the adaptive changes the vertebrates have gone throughduring evolution from common ancestors
- to help students identify the body plan types of complex chordates and their systematic organization based on evolutionary relationships, structural and functional affinities.
- to apprise the students about the correlation of comparative development to evolutionary biology and phylogeny, and how it helps in classifying animals.
- to enable students to establish the evolutionary links based on fossil records.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- have a better understanding of the evolutionary significance of comparative anatomy.
- understand the importance of morphology and anatomy of organisms in relation to evolution.
- appreciate the comparative anatomy among vertebrates that provides evolutionary evidences.
- enhance collaborative learning and communication skills through practical sessions, teamwork, group discussions, assignments, and projects.

SY	LLABUS OF DSC-10	
Uľ	NIT 1: Integumentary System	4 hrs
Stı	ructure and derivatives of integument.	
Uľ	NIT 2: Digestive System	4 hrs
Ali	mentary canal and associated glands; Dentition.	
U	NIT 3: Circulatory System	4 hrs
Ge	eneral plan of circulation; Evolution of heart and aortic arches.	
U	NIT 4: Respiratory System	4 hrs
Sk	in, gills, lungs, accessory respiratory organs in fishes, air sacs.	
Uľ	NIT 5: Skeletal System	5 hrs
Οι	utline of axial and appendicular skeleton; Concept of neuroc	ranium,
de cla	ermatocranium and splanchnocranium; Structure of a typical vertebra assification based on centrum; Jaw suspensorium; General plan of girdles an	and its d limbs.
Uľ	NIT 6: Nervous System	3 hrs
Со	mparative account of brain; Cranial nerves in mammals.	
U	NIT 7: Sense Organs	3 hrs
Cla	assification of receptors; Structure and function of mammalian eye and ear	
Uľ	NIT 8: Urinogenital System	3 hrs
Su	ccession of kidney; Evolution of urinogenital ducts; Types of uteri in mamm	als.
Pr	actical	(60 hrs)
(La	aboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)	
1.	Study of different types of feathers of birds.	
2.	Study of the disarticulated skeleton of Frog, Varanus, Fowl, Rabbit (Vertek Column Sternum Girdles Ribs Limb bones)	oral
3.	Study of the vertebrate Skull (i) one herbivorous and one carnivorous anir	mal
	skull; (ii) one monocondylic and one dicondylic skull.	
4.	Study of carapace and plastron of turtle/tortoise.	
5.	Study of the digestive, circulatory and urinogenital system of frog/rat	hrough
	videos ondissection or through virtual dissections.	
6.	Project related to topics covered in theory.	
7.	Field trips/Documentary film show on vertebrates/Visit to Zoological Pa Biodiversity Park or Sanctuary.	ark,

8. Student Presentation: Power point presentation on any two animals from two different classes.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Kardong, K.V. (2005) Vertebrate's Comparative Anatomy, Function and Evolution. IV Edition. McGraw-Hill Higher Education.
- 2. Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K. (2000). Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates. IX Edition. The McGraw-Hill Companies.

Suggestive readings

1. Leiem C.F., Bermis W.E, Walker, W.F, Grande, L. (2001) Functional anatomy of the vertebrates, An evolutionary perspective. III Edition, Brookes/Cole, Cengage Learning.

NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE -11 – : Developmental Biology Zoo-DSC-11

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		(if any)
Developmental Biology Zoo-DSC-11	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechn ology	Basic knowledge of Chordates

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to provide an in-depth knowledge on the embryonic and post embryonic developmental processes.
- to apprise the students of the fascinating aspect of the development of a single fertilized egg to mature into a fully developed complex organism.
- to explain the basic principles and concepts the developmental processes from a single cell system to a multi-cellular system.
- to understand morphogenesis in Sea urchin, Drosophila, Frog and Chick.
- to provide the undergraduate students an in-depth knowledge on the embryonic

and post embryonic developmental processes.

- by understanding the developmental processes, the students can relate to errors occurring during development leading to congenital disorders and human diseases.
- to familiarize the students with the technique of IVF and pre-diagnostic methods to identify any abnormality arising during development.
- To make the students aware of the areas of great interest including stem cell therapy, tissue engineering and regenerative medicine.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- appreciate the events that lead to the formation of a multicellular organism from a single fertilized egg.
- better understand the general patterns and sequential developmental stages during embryogenesis.
- gain knowledge of the general mechanisms involved in morphogenesis.
- comprehend the processes of ageing to improve the overall health and quality of life in aged people.
- acquire basic knowledge and importance of latest techniques like stem cell therapy, *in vitro* fertilization and amniocentesis etc.
- develop the skill to raise and maintain culture of model system- *Drosophila* in the laboratory.

Syllabus of DSC-11

UNIT-1: Introduction

Historical perspectives and basic concepts: Phases of development, Pattern formation, Differentiation and growth, Cytoplasmic determinants.

UNIT- 2: Early Embryonic Development

Gametogenesis: oogenesis, spermatogenesis; Types of eggs, Egg membranes; Fertilization (External and Internal), Blocks to polyspermy; Planes and patterns of cleavage; Types of Blastula; Fate maps; Gastrulation in frog and chick, Embryonic induction and organizers.

UNIT- 3: Late Embryonic Development

Fate of Germ Layers; Extra-embryonic membranes in birds; Implantation of embryo in humans, structure, types, and functions of placenta.

UNIT- 4: Post Embryonic Development

Metamorphosis and its hormonal regulation in amphibians and insects;Regeneration: Modes of regeneration, epimorphosis, morphallaxis and compensatory regeneration (with one example each); Ageing: concepts and theories.

2 hrs

12 hrs

6 hrs

UNIT- 5: Implications of Developmental Biology

Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic development; *in-vitro* fertilization, Embryonic stem cell (ESC), Amniocentesis.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- Study of whole mounts and sections of developmental stages of frog through permanent slides: Cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula (Neural plate, Neural fold and Neural tube stages), tail-bud stage, tadpole (external and internal gill stages)
- Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides (Hamburger and Hamilton Stages): Stage 3 (Intermediate Streak)-13 hours, Stage 4 (Definitive Streak)-18 hours, Stage 5 (Head Process)-21 hours, Stage 7- 24 hours, Stage 8-28 hours, Stage10-33 hours, Stage 11-40 hours, Stage 13-48 hours, Stage 19- 72 hours and Stage 24-96 hours of incubation
- in vivo study of chick embryo development by windowing and candling methods. (Demonstration only)
- 4. Study of indirect development and metamorphosis by rearing any one insect.
- 5. Study of different sections of placenta (photomicrographs/ slides).
- 6. Project report on *Drosophila* or any insect culture/Visit to Poultry Farm/IVF Centre
- 7. Student Presentation: Power point presentation on any topic related to developmental biology.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Slack, J.M.W. (2013) Essential Developmental Biology. III Edition, Wiley- Blackwell.
- 2. Gilbert, S. F. (2010) Developmental Biology. IX Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc. Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA
- 3. Carlson, B.M. (2007) Foundations of Embryology. VI Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers.
- 4. Balinsky B. I. and Fabian B. C. (2006). An Introduction to Embryology. VIII Edition, International Thompson Computer Press.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Baweja, V. and Misra, M. (2021) E-book on Practical Manual of developmental Biology.
- 2. Arora, R. and Grover, A. (2018) Developmental Biology: Principles and Concepts. I Edition, R. Chand & Company.
- 3. Wolpert, L. (2002) Principles of Development. II Edition, Oxford University Press.
- 4. Kalthoff, K. (2001) Analysis of Biological Development. II Edition, McGraw Hill Publishers.

(60 hrs)

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE- 12: Animal Behaviour Zoo-DSC-12

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite of
		Lecture Tutorial Practical			the course (if any)	
Animal Behaviour Zoo-DSC- 12	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- To provide an overview of animal behaviour in a scientific study of the wild and the wonderful ways in which animals interact with each other, with other living beings, and with the environment.
- to understand and appreciate different types of animal behaviour, their adaptive and evolutionary significance.
- to equip the students with an ability to pursue career in behavioural ecology other related areas.
- to apprise the students of the versatility of Animal behaviour and its crosstalk among conservation biology, molecular biology, behavioural ecology and integrated pest management.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- comprehend various types of animal behaviour and their importance.
- observe, analyse, interpret and document the different types of behaviour.
- enhance their skills by taking short projects pertaining to Animal behaviour.
- appreciate and develop passion to biodiversity; and respect the nature and environment.
- better understand and relate the fundamentals and advanced concepts so as to develop a strong foundation that will enable them to acquire skills and knowledge.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-12

UNIT- I Introduction to Animal Behaviour

Origin and history of ethology; Pioneers of modern ethology: Karl *von* Frisch, Ivan Pavlov, Konrad Lorenz, Niko Tinbergen; Proximate and ultimate causes of behavior.

UNIT-2 Mechanisms of Behaviour

Innate behaviour, Instinct, Stimulus filtering, Sign stimuli, Code breakers.

UNIT-3: Patterns of Behaviour

Orientation: Primary and secondary orientation; Kinesis - orthokinesis, klinokinesis; **Taxis**: tropotaxis and klinotaxis, menotaxis (light compass orientation).

Learning: Associative learning, Classical and operant conditioning, Habituation, Imprinting;

Reasoning: Intelligence and artificial intelligence.

UNIT-4: Communication

Importance of communication; Role of Tactile, Chemical, Auditory, Visual stimuli in communication.

UNIT-5: Social Behaviour

Concept of Society; Insects' society; Honey bee: Society organization, polyphenism and polyethism; Foraging in honey bee, round dance, waggle dance; Experiments to prove distance and direction component of dance; Formation of new hive/queen.

UNIT- 6: Altruism

Altruism, Inclusive fitness, Hamilton's rule

UNIT 7: Sexual Behaviour

Asymmetry of sex; Sexual dimorphism, mate choice; Intra-sexual selection (male rivalry); Inter- sexual selection (female choice); Courtship behaviour, Courtship behavior in 3-spine stickleback; Infanticide; Parental care, sexual conflict in parental care.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. Tools, techniques and methods used in studying animal behavior.
- 2. To study nests and nesting behaviour of the birds and social insects.
- 3. To study the behavioural responses of wood lice to dry and humid conditions.
- 4. To study geotaxis behaviour in earthworm.
- 5. To study the phototaxis behaviour in insect larvae.
- 6. To study different types of animal behaviour such as habituation, social life, courtship behaviour in insects and birds, and parental care from short videos/movies. At least two videos for each behaviour.
- 7. Construction of ethogram using suitable data to study animal behaviour.
- 8. Visit to Forest/Wild life Sanctuary/Biodiversity Park/Zoological Park to study and record the behavioural activities of animals and prepare a short report.

6 hrs

(60 hrs)

5 hrs

5 hrs

4 hrs

3 hrs

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. John Alcock, (2013) Animal Behaviour, Xth Edition, Sinauer Associates Inc., USA.
- 2. Manning, A. and Dawkins, M. S, (2012) An Introduction to Animal Behaviour, VI th Edition, Cambridge University Press, UK.
- 3. McFarland, D. (1985) Animal Behaviour, Pitman Publishing Limited, London, UK.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Rubenstein, D. (2022) Animal Behavior, XIIth Edition, Sinauer Associates, Oxford University Press, UK.
- 2. Gadagkar, R. (2021) Experiments in Animal Behaviour: Cutting-Edge Research at Trifling Cost, Indian Academy of Sciences. David McFarland, Animal Behaviour, Pitman Publishing Limited, London, UK.

POOL OF DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE) COURSES

SEM IV

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-5): Bioenergetics and Enzymology Zoo-DSE-5

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course		Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course	Department offering the	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical			course
Bioenergetics and Enzymology Zoo-DSE-5	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	Basic knowledge of Biochemistry	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to develop a holistic understanding of the complex enzymatic reactions occurring within body through lectures, practical and laboratory exercises, assignments, seminars and visit to research Institutes.
- to appreciate the basic laws of thermodynamics; free energy, and equilibrium to acquire the knowledge to introspect and understand the core concepts of biochemistry
- to build upon undergraduate-level knowledge of biochemical principles with specific emphasis on concepts of transfer of energy in different metabolic pathways.
- to learn about the basic tools used over and over in biological reactions.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- differentiate between the "high energy" biomolecules with respect to their hydrolysis and group transfers.
- appreciate the energy stored in reduced organic compounds that can be used to reduce cofactors such as NAD⁺ and FAD, which serve as universal electron carriers.
- Increase the understanding of the function of electron-transport chain in mitochondria and the chemi-osmotic theory involved in ATP synthesis.
- explain the thermodynamic basic principles for energy transformation in biological membranes.

hydrogen bonding and hydrophobic interactions.

UNIT- 2: Bioenergetics:

SYLLABUS OF DSE-5

UNIT-1: Principles of Biophysical Chemistry

Concept of free energy, standard free energy, determination of ΔG for a reaction. Relationship between equilibrium constant and standard free energy change, biological standard state & standard free energy change in coupled reactions. Biological oxidation-reduction reactions, redox potentials, relation between standard reduction potentials and free energy change.

Concept of pH, buffers, Principles of thermodynamics: free-energy, entropy, enthalpy, chemical bonds and stabilizing interactions: van der Waals, electrostatic,

High energy phosphate compounds- introduction, phosphate group transfer, free energy of hydrolysis of ATP and sugar phosphates along with reasons for high ΔG . Transfer of energy: Electron Transport Chain, Bioenergetics of the liver.

UNIT- 3: Kinetics of enzyme action

Concept of ES complex, Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation for uni-substrate reactions. Different plots for the determination of Km and V_{max} and their physiological significances. Importance of K_{cat}/K_m . Kinetics of zero and first order reactions.

Classification of multi substrate reactions with example of each class. Ping Pong random and ordered BiBi mechanisms. Use of initial velocity, inhibition and exchange studies to differentiate between multi substrate reaction mechanisms.

Reversible (glutamine synthase and phosphorylase) and irreversible (proteases) inhibition. Competitive, non-competitive, uncompetitive, linear-mixed type inhibitions and their kinetics, Suicide inhibitor.

UNIT- 4: Mechanism of Enzyme Action

Cofactor dependency, pH, temperature and ionic strength dependency; Acid-base catalysis, covalent catalysis, proximity, orientation effect. Strain and distortion theory. Chemical modification of active site groups. Mechanism of action of chymotrypsin.

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• use spectroscopic and other physical analytical methods to use membrane proteins and biological redox processes.

9 hrs

5 hrs

10 hrs

UNIT V: Enzyme Regulation

Feedback inhibition and feed forward stimulation; Allosteric enzymes: qualitative description of "concerted" & "sequential" models for allosteric enzymes; Half site reactivity, Flip-flop mechanism, positive and negative co-operativity.

UNIT VI: Multi-enzyme system:

Occurrence, isolation and their properties: Mechanism of action and regulation of pyruvate dehydrogenase & fatty acid synthase complexes. Enzyme-enzyme interaction, multiple forms of enzymes with special reference to lactate dehydrogenase.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

- 1. Titration of a weak acid using a pH meter, preparation of buffers
- 2. Verification of Beer-Lambert's law and determination of absorption coefficients.
- 3. Preparation of cytochrome C from goat/chicken heart and distinguish between different cytochromes in ETC using absorbance spectra.
- 4. Isolation of NAD from brewer's yeast. Calculate Gibbs' Free Energy for electron flowfrom reduced NADH to Oxygen.
- 5. Assay of enzyme activity and specific activity, e.g. acid phosphatase, alkaline phosphates, SGOT, SGPT.
- 6. Determination of K_m and V_{max} using Lineweaver-Burk graph. (Dry experiment).
- 7. Enzyme inhibition calculation of Ki for competitive inhibition. (Dry experiment)
- Perform complex energy calculations that can be applied to biological systems. (Dryexperiment)

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Lehninger by D. Nelson, and M. Cox, (2017) "The principles of Biochemistry", 7 th edition, M.W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- 2. D. M. Greenberg, (2014) "Metabolic Pathways", 3rd edition, Academic Press, Elsevier Science & Technology Books,
- 3. David G. Nicholls and Stuart J. Ferguson (2013) "Bioenergetics 4", Academic Press.
- 4. L. Stryer, (2012) "Biochemistry", 7 th edition, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.

Suggestive readings

- 1 J. M. Berg, J. L. Tymoczko, L. Stryer (2007) "Biochemistry", 6th edition, W. H. Freeman andCompany, New York, NY, 2007.
- 2 D.J. Voet, J.G. Voet, C.W. Pratt, (2008) "Principles of Biochemistry" 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

7 hrs

6 hrs on of

(30 hrs)

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-6): Cell Growth and Regulation Zoo-DSE-6

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course		Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	Department offering the	
		Lecture Tutorial		Practical/		of the	course
				Practice		course	
Cell	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class	Basic	Zoology
Growth					XII with	knowledge	
and					Biology/	of Cell	
Regulation					Biotechnology	Biology	
Zoo-DSE- 6							

Credit distribution, Eligibility and Pre-requisites of the Course

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to enable students to learn biological phenomenon at cellular level
- to develop an understanding of cell function and its regulatory mechanisms.
- to understand cell division, cell cycle and its regulation, growth factors, survival factors; cell cycle control systems and checkpoints.
- to provide in-depth knowledge on various experimental skills and histopathological studies used in clinical and research laboratories
- to acquire knowledge in the areas of cellular malfunctioning causing serious health conditions such as autoimmune disorders, cancers etc.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- appreciate the diverse cellular processes, cell signaling, and cellular interactions.
- Know more about the defects in cellular functioning and molecular mechanisms that can lead to diseases and disturb the homeostasis of the body.
- to elucidate the roles of cell signalling in gene regulation
- appreciate differences in normal and cancer cell, apoptosis vs. necrosis; cell death and cell renewal
- observe stem cells and their applications in therapeutic cloning and regenerative medicine.
- Know the fundamentals of targeted cancer therapies and molecular approaches to cancer treatment.

SYLLABUS OF DSE- 2

UNIT 1: Cell division, Cell Cycle, and its Regulation

A brief study of stages and events during mitosis and meiosis; overview of cell cycle; mitogens, growth factors, and survival factors; cell cycle control system: components and mechanisms; cell cycle checkpoints.

UNIT- 2: Cell Signalling

Types of cell-cell signalling, signalling molecules, and cell receptors; components of a generalized signalling pathway; examples of two pathways: GPCR/ cAMP/ PKA/ CREB/ target gene and a nuclear receptor pathway (to elucidate roles in gene regulation).

UNIT 3: Gene Regulation

Concepts of positive and negative gene regulation; principles of eukaryotic transcriptional regulation of genes; concepts of activators, repressors, silencers, and enhancers.

UNIT- 4: Cell Death and Cell Renewal

Apoptosis vs. necrosis; intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of programmed cell death; stem cells and maintenance of adult tissues; cells in culture and cell lines; embryonic and induced pluripotent stem cells and their applications in therapeutic cloning and regenerative medicine.

UNIT 5: Cancer Biology

Hallmarks of a cancer cell; types and causes of cancer; oncogenes and tumour suppressor genes; tumour viruses; correlation of cell signaling, gene regulation, cell cycle control, and cell death in cancer development (any one example); targeted cancer therapies/molecular approaches to cancer treatment.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

- 1. Principles of Microscopy.
- 2. Preparation of a temporary slide of onion root tip to study various stages of mitosis.
- 3. Study of various stages of meiosis through permanent slides.
- 4. Cell culture techniques: preparation of media, seeding, thawing and maintenance of cell culture, trypsinization and cryopreservation
- 5. Measurement of cell growth: Direct count by Trypan blue and Indirect count by Spectrophotometer.
- 6. Calculation of Doubling Time based on given data.
- 7. Assessment of metabolic activity by MTT.
- 8. Study of monolayer (in Roux Bottle, Roller bottle, Plastic film, Optical culture system, Bread Bed reactors, Heterogenous reactors). Suspensions (stirred bioreactors, continuous flow cultures, air lift fermenter) and immobilized cultures.

9 hrs

9 hrs

10 hrs

7 hrs

(30 hrs)

9. Project related to topics covered in theory/ project report based on visit to labs/institutions/industry etc.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Karp, G. (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. 6th edition. John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
- 2. Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009) The Cell: A Molecular Approach. 5th edition. ASM Press & Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.

Suggested readings

1. Alberts et. al., (2008) Molecular Biology of the Cell, Garland Science, Taylor & Francis Group, New York, USA.

2. Lodish et. al., (2007) Molecular Cell Biology, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York, USA

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-7): Fish and Fisheries Zoo-DSE-7

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	Department offering the
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		of the course	course
Fish and Fisheries Zoo-DSE- 7	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechn ology	Nil	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- To offer an insight about the climatic conditions that favours fish growth and reproduction.
- to understand the importance of fish as a rich source of animal protein.
- To learn the basic concepts and knowledge of fish biology and its applications.
- to equip the student with a balanced and complete scientific understanding of fisheries.
- to enable students to learn more technical skills to generate entrepreneurial skills and suitable employment opportunities.
- to acquire knowledge of the pathogenic and pathological basis of fish diseases including infectious diseases caused by viruses, prokaryotes, protozoans, helminthes, vector borne and zoonotic diseases.
- To learn about nutritional deficiencies and lifestyle diseases, endocrine diseases and cancer.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- acquire basic knowledge of physiology and reproduction in fishes.
- analyse different kinds of water and identify/differentiate among various kinds of fishes.
- equip the students with the knowledge on the procedures for artificial and induced breeding which can be learnt by visiting any fish farm or demonstrated in research labs in college/Departments.
- have more knowledge of the in-land and marine Fisheries in India and to explore ways in which it can contribute to the Indian economy.
- know more about the different methods of fishing and fish preservation

which can be employed for export and storage of commercial fishes.

• develop skills for entrepreneurship or self-employment in fisheries-related business.

SYLLABUS OF DSE-7

UNIT-1 Introduction and Classification

General description of fish; Account of systematic classification of fishes (upto classes); Classification based on feeding habit, habitat and manner of reproduction. Brief introduction to transgenic fishes.

UNIT-2 Morphology, Physiology and Behavior 14 hrs

Types of fins and their modifications; Locomotion in fishes; Hydrodynamics; Types of Scales, Gills and gas exchange; Swim Bladder: Types and role in Respiration, buoyancy;Osmoregulation in Elasmobranchs, Schooling; Parental care; Migration.

UNIT-3 Fisheries

Inland Fisheries; Estuarine Fisheries, Marine Fisheries; Fishing crafts and Gears; Depletion of fisheries resources; Application of remote sensing and GIS in fisheries; Fisheries law and regulations.

UNIT – 4 Aquaculture

Sustainable Aquaculture; Extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture of fish; Pen and cage culture; Polyculture; Composite fish culture; Brood stock management; Induced breeding of fish; Management of finfish hatcheries; Preparation of compound diets for fish; Role of water quality in aquaculture; Post harvest handling techniques and Fishery by-products.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

- 1. Study of specimens- Petromyzon, Myxine, Pristis, Chimaera, Exocoetus, Hippocampus, Gambusia, Labeo, Heteropneustes, Anabas (at least one fish from each class).
- 2. Study of different types of scales by preparing a temporary/permanent mount.
- 3. Study of air breathing organs in Channa, Heteropneustes, Anabas and Clarias.
- 4. Demonstration of induced breeding in Fishes and hatchery management (video/visit tofisheries institute/fish farm).

Demonstration of the setting up of a fish aquarium, and its management/maintenance.

- 5. Study of parental care in fishes through visual media and resources.
- 6. Study of different methods of fish tagging.
- 7. Determination of fish density in a pond by Peterson's mark recapture method.
- 8. Project Report on a visit to any fish farm/pisciculture unit.

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(30 hrs)

8 hrs

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Pandey, K. and Shukla, J.P. (2013) Fish and Fisheries. Rastogi publication, India
- 2. Chakrabarti, R. and Sharma, J. G. (2008). Aquahouse: New Dimension of Sustainable Aquaculture. DIPAS, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.
- 3. Norman, J.R. A History of Fishes. Hill and Wang Publishers. Khanna, S.S.and Singh, H.R. (2014) A text book of Fish Biology and Fisheries. Narendra, Publishing House.
- 4. Bone, Q. and Moore, R. (2008) Biology of Fishes. Talyor and Francis Group, CRC Press, U.K.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Srivastava, C.B.L. (2008) Fish Biology. Narendra Publishing House.
- 2. Jhingran, V.G. (1982) Fish and Fisheries in India. Hindustan Publication Cooperation. India.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-8): Parasitology Zoo-DSE-8

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credits Credit distribution of the course		Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	Department offering the	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		of the course	course
Parasitology Zoo-DSE- 8	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechn ology	Basic under- standing of parasitic animals	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- To enable the students to see, appreciate and understand the diversity of parasites
- to learn about Parasitology that will enable students to diagnose parasites correctly, understand their life cycle and control them effectively and use some of them as bio control agents
- to acquire understanding of study of life cycles of parasites, that can help in defying the stigmas and religious taboos for many societies making free many of the people from superstition and ill health.
- to make the students aware about the possible scope of the subject which includes research and applied aspects including entrepreneurial skill

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- better understand the variation amongst parasites, parasitic invasion in animals; applicable to medical and agriculture aspects
- Identify the stages of the life cycles of parasites and their respective infective stages. develop ecological model, on the base knowledge of population dynamics of parasites.
- comprehend the different methods adopted by parasites to combat with the host immune system.
- develop skills and realize significance of diagnosis of parasitic attack and treatment of patient or host.

 analyse and interpret the case studies to highlight innovative researches, serendipities towards the advancement and enrichment of knowledge in the field of Parasitology.

SYLLABUS OF DSE- 8

UNIT- 1: Introduction to Parasitology

Brief introduction of Parasitism, Parasite, Parasitoid and Vectors; Host parasite relationship

UNIT- 2: Parasitic Protists

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Entamoeba histolytica, Trypanosoma gambiense and Plasmodium vivax*.

UNIT- 3: Parasitic Platyhelminthes

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Fasciolopsis buski, Schistosoma haematobium* and *Taenia solium*

UNIT- 4: Parasitic Nematodes

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of Ascaris lumbricoides, Ancylostoma duodenale, Wuchereria bancrofti and Trichinella spiralis.

UNIT- 5: Parasitic Arthropoda

Biology, importance and control of ticks, mites, *Pediculus humanus* (Head and Body louse), *Xenopsylla cheopis* and *Cimex lectularius*

UNIT- 6: Parasitic Vertebrates

A brief account of parasitic vertebrates; Cookicutter Shark, Hood Mockingbird and Vampire bat.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

- 1. Study of life stages of *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Trypanosoma gambiense*, and *Plasmodium vivax* through permanent slides/micro photographs.
- 2. Study of adult and life stages of *Fasciolopsis buski, Schistosoma haematobium* and *Taenia solium* through permanent slides/microphotographs.
- 3. Study of adult and life stages of *Ascaris lumbricoides, Ancylostoma duodenale* and *Wuchereria bancrofti* through permanent slides/microphotographs.
- 4. Study of *Pediculus humanus* and *Xenopsylla cheopis* and *Cimex lectularius* through permanent slides/ photographs.

10 hrs hylaxis

10 hrs

4 hrs

3 hrs

10 hrs

8 hrs

(30 hrs)

- 5. Study of monogenea from the gills of fresh/marine fish [Gills can be procured from fish market as by-product of the industry]
- 6. Submission of a brief report on parasites (anyone phylum).
- 7. Visit to rural area/hospital near rural area/NCDC/NIMR/NICD to study the natural history and diagnostics of parasites.

Essential/recommended readings:

- 1. Parija, S. C. (2013) Textbook of Medical Parasitology, Protozoology & Helminthology (Text and colour Atlas), IV Edition, All India Publishers & Distributers, New Delhi.
- 2. Ichhpujani, R.L. and Bhatia, R. (2009) Medical Parasitology. III Edition, Jaypee BrothersMedical Publishers (P) Ltd., New Delhi
- 3. Ahmed, N., Dawson, M., Smith, C. and Wood, Ed. (2007) Biology of Disease. Taylor and Francis Group.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Chatterjee, K. D. (2009). Parasitology: Protozoology and Helminthology. XIII Edition, CBSPublishers & Distributors (P) Ltd.
- 2. Arora, D. R and Arora, B. (2001) Medical Parasitology. II Edition. CBS Publications and Distributors
- 3. Noble, E.R. and Noble, G.A. (1989) Parasitology: The Biology of Animal Parasites. VIEdition, Lea and Febiger

COMMON POOL OF GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE) COURSES

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-8): Exploring Animal World Zoo-GE-8

Course title &	Credits	Credit distribution of the course		Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	Department offering the	
Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/		of the	course
				Practice		course	
Exploring	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class	NIL	Zoology
the					XII with		
Animal					Biology/		
world					Biotechnology		
Zoo-GE-8							

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to overview the concepts of invertebrate and vertebrate animals, including sponges, cnidarians, comb jellies, flatworms, nematodes, annelids, molluscs, arthropods, echinoderms, invertebrate chordates, fishes, amphibians, reptiles, birds, and mammals.
- to enable students to understand the diversity within different groups, and interrelationship among different species and genera within each group of animals.
- to learn the hierarchy, body plan and their role in ecological development of animals.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- Learn about the importance of systematics, taxonomy, and structural organization of non-chordates and chordata.
- Appreciate the diversity of animals living in varied habits and habitats.
- Understand evolutionary history and relationships of different animals through functional and structural affinities.
- better understand coelom formation, different levels of organization, role of macronutrients and micronutrients, their nutritional requirements for different age groups during various health conditions.

SYLLABUS OF GE-8

UNIT- 1: An Introduction to the Animal Kingdom	I	2 hrs
Non-chordates vs. Chordates; Outline of Co organization	elom, Body syn	metry, Levels of
UNIT-2: Kingdom Protista		2 hrs
General characters of Protozoa; Locomotory orga	nelles	
UNIT- 3: Porifera		2 hrs
General characters of Phylum Porifera, Canal syst	em in Porifera	
UNIT- 4: Radiata		2 hrs
General characters of Phylum Cnidaria & Ctenopl	iora; Polymorphisi	n
UNIT- 5: Helminthes General characters of helminths (Platyhelminth Adaptations	es and Nematheli	3 hrs minths); Parasitic
UNIT- 6: Coelomates (Non-chordates) General characters of Phylum Annelida; Metame General characters of Phylum Arthropoda; Vision General characters of Phylum Mollusca; Pearl For General characters of Phylum Echinodermata, wa	rism in insects mation iter vascular syster	6 hrs m in starfish
UNIT- 7: Lower chordates (Protochordata) Salient features of Protochordates (He Cephalochordates)	michordates, U	1 hr rochordates and
Unit 8: Higher chordates		12 hr
 General characters of Vertebrates: Cyclostomes; Cartilaginous and Bony fishes, migration. Amphibians; Adaptations for Terrestrial Life Reptiles; Poisonous and Non-poisonous Snak Aves; Flight Adaptations in birds Mammals - Prototheria, Metatheria and Euth 	Catadromous and es eria.	d Anadromous
Practical		(60 hrs)
(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)		
1. Study of specimens- Non-chordates:		

Euglena, Noctiluca, Paramecium; Sycon; Physalia, Tubipora, Meandrina; Taenia, Ascaris; Nereis, Heteronereis, Aphrodite, Hirudinaria, Peripatus; Limulus, Cancer, Daphnia, Julus, Scolopendra, Apis, Termite; Chiton, Dentalium, Octopus; Asterias and Antedon 2. Study of specimens- Chordates:

Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Amphioxus; Petromyzon; Sphyrna, Pristis, Hippocampus, Exocoetus, Diodon/ Tetradon; Icthyophis/ Uraeotyphlus, Bufo, Hyla, Salamandra; Rhacophorus, Draco, Uromastix, Naja, Viper;

Any three common birds (Crow, duck, Owl); Funambulus, Loris and Bat

- 3. Study through Permanent Slides:
 - i) Cross Section of Sycon, and Ascaris (male and female).
 - ii) T. S. of Earthworm passing through Pharynx, Gizzard, and Typhlosole region of intestine.
 - iii) Septal and Pharyngeal Nephridia of Earthworm.
 - iv) Placoid and Cycloid Scales in Fishes.
- 4. Study of Organ Systems (through videos/animations/photographs/dissections*:
 - i) Digestive System of Cockroach;
 - ii) Urinogenital System of Rat
- * subject to UGC guidelines

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Young, J.Z. (2004) The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Ruppert, Fox and Barnes (2003) Invertebrate Zoology. A Functional Evolutionary Approach, VII Edition, Thomson Books/Cole.
- 3. Parker T.J. and Haswell W.A. (1972). Textbook of Zoology Vertebrates. VII Edition, Volume II. Blackwell, Hoboken

*Note: Refer Ruppert, Fox and Barnes (VII Ed.) for the classification of invertebrates;

Suggestive reading

- 1. Saha, G.K. and Mazumdar, S. (2017). Wildlife Biology: An Indian Perspective. PHI learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Campbell and Reece (2005). Biology, Pearson Education, (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Mann Raven, P.H. and Johnson, G.B. (2004). Biology, VI Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publications. New Delhi.

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-9): Microbiota: Importance in Health and Disease Zoo-GE-9

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course		Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	Department offering the	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		of the course	course
Microbiota: Importance in Health and Disease Zoo-GE-9	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to acquaint students with the basic concepts of microbiota that coexist with the human being both in health and in different pathologies.
- To enable students to understand how microbiota undergoes changes as a consequence of the influence of multiple factors, diet, lifestyle, pharmacological treatments generating alterations in this bacterial ecosystem.
- To compare the role of our microbiota in behavior, mood, and development.
- to make the students aware of the microbial communities that reside within or upon us, and how they impact our health.
- To acquire knowledge about the interactions between the different types of microbiota and their host in different pathophysiological situations.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- Identify the components of the human microbiota and their major characteristics.
- Learn the key approaches and techniques used to identify and quantify the bacterial, fungal, archaeal, protozoan, and viral components of the microbiota.
- Identify the common members of the microbiota and their influence on various body systems including the skin, upper and lower respiratory system, oral and the lower digestive system, urinary and reproductive systems, the immune system, and the nervous system in healthy and diseased states.
- Compare the role of our microbiota in behavior, mood, and development.
- Appreciate the emerging treatment approaches for microbiota-associated illnesses.

SYLLABUS OF GE-9

UNIT-1: Microbes

Introduction to microbes, general approaches and techniques used for studying microbiota, the nature of microbiological problems, Prokaryotic and eukaryotic organisms.

UNIT- 2: Introduction to the Human Microbiome

Importance of human body environment for growth of a variety of microorganisms, concept of contamination, infection and disease, septicaemia, Acute and subacute bacterial endocarditis.

a) Microbial Diseases of the Respiratory System: Tuberculosis; Common cold,

b) Microbial Diseases of the Eyes: Conjunctivitis, Trachoma; Viral Diseases of the Eye.

c) Microbial Diseases of skin: Bacterial diseases of the skin: Acne, folliculitis, boils, cellulitis, Infections of burns and surgical wounds, gangrene, Leprosy. Viral Diseases of the Skin: Chicken pox;

Fungal Diseases of the Skin: Candidiasis.

d) Microbial Diseases of the Nervous System: Bacterial diseases: Tetanus, Viral diseases: Polio/Rabies; Protozoan diseases: Trypanasomiasis

e) Microbial Diseases of the Oral Cavity and Digestive System: Bacterial diseases: Dental caries; Cholera, Gastroenteritis; Fungal diseases: Aflatoxin poisoning, Ergot poisoning; Viral diseases: Mumps; Protozoan diseases: Amoebic dysentery, Giardiasis

f) Microbial Diseases of the Urinary/Reproductive Systems: Bacterial diseases: Syphilis; Viral diseases: genital warts; Protozoan diseases: Trichomoniasis; Fungal diseases: Vaginitis

UNIT- 3: Microbiota and the Immune System Development 5 hrs

Normal flora, transient flora opportunistic microbes, Pathogenicity, virulence, and factors that increase virulence (enzymes, toxins), Factors that affect the spread of disease, Nonspecific immune responses, Specific immune responses: humoral and cell mediated immunity

UNIT- 4: Human Microbiota in Health and Disease

Basic concept of Gut microbiota in the mother-child environment, Gut microbiota and cancer; Microbiota and viral diseases- An opportunity for COVID-19. Relationship between diet and the intestinal microbiota, Probiotics, prebiotics and other "biotics".

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

148

(60 hrs)

5 hrs

4 hrs

- 1. Bacterial shapes and arrangements Cell wall, Cell membrane, Glycocalyx, Endospores, Flagella, Cytoplasmic inclusions, Cytoplasmic structures/organelles, Bacterial growth curve, Physical factors affecting microbial growth.
- 2. To understand Good Lab practise: The effectiveness of hand washing and sterilization.
- 3. To understand microbial morphology by Gram Staining.
- 4. To appreciate bacterial anatomy by Acid-fast Staining.
- 5. Environmental Factors affecting growth of microorganisms: Temperature, pH and Osmotic Pressure.
- 6. Bacterial growth curve and evaluation of factors affecting microbial growth.
- 7. Isolation of normal microbiota from the human Body (Nose, Throat, or Skin).
- 8. Effects of chemical agents on bacteria growth (Kirby-Bauer method).

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Leboffe, M. J and Pierce; B. E. (2014) A Photographic Atlas for the Microbiology Laboratory, 5th Edition, Morton Publishing Company.
- 2. Michael Wilson (2005) "Microbial Inhabitants of Humans-Their Ecology and Role in Health and Disease"; Oxford University Press, UK.

Suggestive readings

 Nina Parker, Mark Schneegurt, Anh-Hue-Thi Tu and Brian M. Forster; (2016) "Microbiology"; 1st Edition, OpenStax Resource.

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-10): Insect Vector and Disease Zoo-GE-10

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	Department offering the
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/		of the	course
				Practice		course	
Insect	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class	NIL	Zoology
Vector and					XII with		
Disease					Biology/		
Zoo-GE-10					Biotechnology		

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to familiarize the students with a variety of diseases caused by insects.
- to learn the complex interactions between the transmission by Insect-borne pathogens affecting human health.
- to acquire knowledge of how the insects can only be controlled and prevented by studying their biology, modalities of pathogen transmission
- to enable students to evaluate the associated risk factors and devising new efficient techniques to control these insects.
- to help understand the environmental pressures caused by stagnant water.
- to motivate students to pursue a career in Health Management.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- identify different insects and classify them based on their morphology and behaviour.
- describe the host-pathogen relationships and the role of the host reservoir on transmission of parasite.
- explain various modes of transmission of parasite by insect vectors.
- recognize various possible modern tools and methodologies for laboratory diagnosis, surveillance and treatment of diseases.
- develop a critical understanding of insect transmitted diseases such as Zoonotic, Vertical and Horizontal transmission, host specificity etc.
- spread awareness on public health programs about insect borne diseases and their control.

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• To use advanced management strategies in disease control with respect to parasite evolution

SYLLABUS OF GE-10

UNIT- 1: Introduction to Insects

General Features of Insects, Classification of insects up to Orders- General features of orders, Morphological features: Head, legs and types of antennae. Types of Insects mouth parts w.r.t. feeding habits: siphoning type (butterfly), sponging type (housefly), biting and chewing type (cockroach), piercing and sucking type (mosquito), chewing and lapping type (honey bee).

UNIT- 2: Concept of Vectors

Brief introduction to carriers and vectors (mechanical and biological vector); Insect reservoirs; Host-vector relationship; Vectorial capacity; Host Specificity; Modes of disease transmission - vertical and horizontal transmission. Insects as vectors: General adaptations in insects to act as vectors.

UNIT- 3: Dipterans as disease Vectors-I

Dipterans as important insect vectors–Mosquitoes. Study of mosquito borne diseases– Malaria, Dengue, Chikungunya, Filariasis, Viral encephalitis. Control and prevention/cure of diseases caused by mosquitoes. Study of sand fly-borne diseases-Visceral Leishmaniasis, Cutaneous Leishmaniasis; Control of Sand fly; Study of house fly as important mechanical vector, Control of house fly.

UNIT- 4: Siphonapterans as disease vectors

Fleas as insect vectors; Study of flea borne diseases – Plague, typhus fever; Control and prevention/cure of diseases caused by fleas.

UNIT- 5: Siphunculata as disease vectors

Human louse (head, body and pubic louse) as disease vectors; study of louse borne diseases – Typhus fever, relapsing fever, vagabond's disease, phthiriasis; Control of human louse and prevention/cure of diseases caused by them.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. Study of different kinds of mouth parts and legs of insects through slides/specimens
- Study of insect vectors through permanent slides or photographs: Mosquitoes (Aedes, Culex, Anopheles), lice [head, body (Pediculus), pubic (Pthirus)], Flea (Xenopsylla cheopis), sand fly (Phlebotomus), house fly (Musca domestica)

8 hrs

5 hrs

7 hrs

5 hrs

5 hrs

(60 hrs)

- 3. Study of different diseases transmitted by above insect vectors using photographs.
- 4. Project report on any one disease transmitted by insect vector.
- 5. Optional field trip/Lab. visit to institutes such as NIMR, NCDC.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Mullen and Darden (2009) Medical and Veterinary Entomology, 3rd Edition, Academic Press.
- 2. Service, M.W. (1980) A Guide to Medical Entomology, Macmillan Press.

Suggestive readings

1. Burgess, N.R.H and Cowan, G.O. (1993) A colour atlas of medical entomology. Springer Science and Business Media, B. V. House.